1. Voice procedure is necessary for three reasons which are?
   A. Security, accuracy and discipline.
   B. Interception, interference and jamming.
   C. Talking, listening and responding.  

2. Voice procedure is what?
   A. A set of rules designed to provide security, accuracy and discipline.
   B. How we talk on the radio net.
   C. The opposite of plain language.  

3. Voice procedure is made up what three elements?
   A. Earth, fire and water.
   B. The sender, the receiver and the interceptor.
   C. Protocol, call signs and code.  

4. Who is involved in every radio transmission?
   A. The one who sends it.
   B. The one who receives it.
   C. The one that intercepts it.
   D. All of the above.  

5. All radio nets comprise of what types of radio stations?
   A. Control and substations.
   B. BBC radio 1 and 2.
   C. Father, son and brother stations.  

6. The correct definition of a call sign is?
   A. A group of letters or figures used to identify a station, unit or individual on a radio net.
   B. A radio’s name.
   C. Something you say so you can talk on the net.  

7. Which of the following is not a correct call sign?
   A. 0.
   B. B35.
   C. A34.  

8. What are the three types of radio net?
   A. Simple net, Combined net and Rebroadcast net.
   B. Simple net, Combined net and relay net.
   C. Simple net, joined net and rebroadcast net.  

9. What does UKPRC stand for?
   A. United Kingdom peoples revolution committee.
   B. United Kingdom Personal Radio Committee.
   C. United Kingdom Personal Radio Communications.
10. What infantry level is the UKPRC 349 designed for?
   A. Section and Platoon.
   B. Platoon and Company.
   C. Company and Battalion.

11. What is the frequency range of the UKPRC 349?
   A. 37 MHz – 46.975 MHz.
   B. 46.975 MHz – 65 MHz.
   C. 37 Hz – 46.975 Hz.

12. What is the weight of the UKPRC 349 with battery fitted?
   A. 1.4 Kg.
   B. 1 Kg.
   C. 30 Kg.

13. What are the two sizes of whip antenna used with the UKPRC 349?
   A. 0.5 m and 1.0 m.
   B. 0.5 m and 1.5 m.
   C. 1.0 m and 1.5 m.

14. What is the frequency step for the UK PRC 349?
   A. 25 KHz.
   B. 35 KHz.
   C. 400.

15. With a 1.0 m whip antenna fitted the UKPRC 349 has a working range of what distance when being used in a built up area?
   A. 2.8 Km.
   B. 1.5 Km.
   C. 0.5 Km.

END OF TEST